Together 2 Goal

AMGA Foundation National Diabetes Campaign

Monthly Campaign Webinar

June 21, 2018

TODAY'S WEBINAR

- Together 2 Goal® Updates
 - Webinar Reminders
 - 2018 Institute for Quality Leadership (IQL)
 - 2019 Annual Conference
- Blood Pressure Control for Patients with Diabetes
 - Bob Matthews of PriMed Physicians
- Q&A
 - Use Q&A or chat feature



WEBINAR REMINDERS

- Webinar will be recorded today and available the week of June 25th
 - www.Together2Goal.org
- Participants are encouraged to ask questions using the "Chat" and "Q&A" functions on the right side of your screen





2018 Institute for Quality Leadership Medicare Advantage and Risk: Delivering on the Promise of Value



November 13-15, 2018 ● San Antonio, Texas



Registration now open at amga.org/IQL18

2018 Institute for Quality Leadership Medicare Advantage and Risk: Delivering on the Promise of Value



November 13-15, 2018 ● San Antonio, Texas

Together 2 Goal® Peer-to-Peer Breakout Session: Taking Diabetes to Heart: Finding Value in the Medicare Population

Featuring:







Registration now open at amga.org/IQL18

2019 Annual Conference Call for Presentations Submission Deadline: July 6





Visit amga.org/AC19 for details.

TODAY'S FEATURED PRESENTER

Bob Matthews



VP Quality and Care Redesign, PriMed Pysicians President & CEO, MediSync

AMGA Together 2 Goal®

Approaches To Improving BP Outcomes

Bob Matthews



AGENDA

- Introduction
- Doing "the basics"
- Method: How we solve quality & cost problems
 - For example: The BP problem
- Our BP solution & rationale
 - The content including clinical medicine
- Some cautions about replicability
- Q&A



INTRODUCTIONS

PriMed Physicians

- Greater Dayton, Ohio
- 17 sites; 55 physicians
- PCPs with select internal medicine specialties
- Preparing for value since 2003
- Value in all commercial and Medicare contracts

MediSync

- 1996 Management partnership with PriMed and other groups
- Large innovation budget to improve group performance
- Innovations → solutions in ~175 medical groups nationwide
- Focus on chronic outcomes



TOP 12 CHRONIC DISEASES

Lipids Diabetes - Blood Glucose CAD and Vascular Diseases **Heart Failure** COPD **Asthma** Depression Anxiety Osteoporosis **Arthritis**



HOW "ALL MEASURE" SCORES WORK

	Measure Score	Cumulative
BP	70%	70%
A1c	70%	49%
Lipid	70%	34%
Neuropathy	70%	24%



GENERAL REMINDER ABOUT HYPERTENSION

- One of the most important public health problems in USA and all developed countries
- Lethal complications: CAD, CHF, Stoke, CKD, PVD, etc.

- Exponentially worsens other chronic disease: DM, Lipid, etc.
- Costly

M F D I S Y N C'

- Sequelae drive up the total cost of care
- Sequelae harm patient's quality of life & functions

SETTING BP GOALS

- 1. When do you *initiate* BP therapy?
 - BP ≥140/90 OR ≥130/80 (for select patients)
 - Lifestyle
 - Rx therapy
- 2. Once Rx therapy is initiated, what is your goal?
 - $\le 139/89 \text{ OR} < 129/80$



COST OF CHRONIC DISEASE

"Seventy-five percent of the (monies) spent on health care in the U.S. is for treatment of the chronically ill."

- The Commonwealth Fund



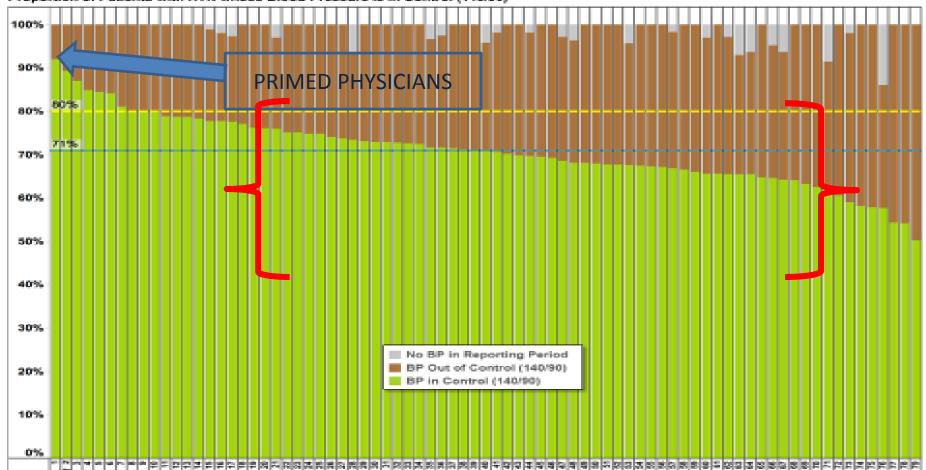
FINDINGS ABOUT IMPROVING CHRONIC OUTCOMES

- 1. It takes a long time and a lot of attention
- 2. The 1st Dx is difficult, the 2nd is more difficult, etc.
 - Not unusual to lose ground on 1st disease when focus swings to 2nd
- 3. Many diseases are past the capacity of human memory (i.e. HTN, DM, asthma)



MEASURE UP / PRESSURE DOWN

Proportion of Patients with HTN whose Blood Pressure is in Control (140/90)





START AT THE BEGINNING DID YOU DO THE BASICS?

- Staff knows how to take a good blood pressure?
 - Are you sure? How about the docs?
 - Shirts, sweaters and jackets off?
- Test your BPs correct distributions of last digits?
- Right equipment / set-up in every room?
 - Chair with back support, arm support at chest level, etc.
 - Re-do the high BPs?
 - All BPs in EHR?
- Signal? How do the providers and staff know that THIS is a HTN patient?
 - Every patient / every (PCP, urgent care, etc.) visit?
- Home BP monitoring

MEDISYNC°

- Staff coached to make helpful comments
 - "Good, your BP is in the safe zone"

WHERE ARE YOU IN YOUR JOURNEY?

Most start with basic analytics



REGISTRY OR ANALYTICS SHOWS?

- Lists % to goal and "who is not at goal?"
- May report out the % to goal or not-to-goal by provider
- Allows you to stratify
 - Patient 185/122 versus 141/83
 - Allows you to find patients with multiple "gaps in care"
 - BP 157/99; A1c 9.2; LDL 153 (no statin), etc.
- So you have one or multiple lists?
 - What do you want to know?
- What does the list tell you?



WHERE ARE YOU IN YOUR JOURNEY?

- Start with basic analytics
- Once you know your stats, where do you go from there?
 - Are you happy with your results?
 - Are you unhappy with your results?
- Do you have a goal?
 - How far do you have to go to achieve that goal?



HOW DOES YOUR ORGANIZATION SOLVE QUALITY PROBLEMS?

- CEO / CMO / Medical Director looks at the data and issues an "order" for improvement
 - What order does s/he issue?
 - What is order supposed to accomplish?
- Committee reviews data and discusses
 - Does the conversation have a beginning, middle and an end?
 - Or, is it circular?
 - Are conclusions drawn?
 - How?
- Other



WHAT DID YOU WANT TO KNOW?

- Why this problem is happening? Especially root cause(s).
- What are the solution options?
- What is the best solution?
 - Will our proposed solution work?
 - What value will it produce?
 - How much does our proposed solution cost?



WE SEE A LOT OF THIS HAPPENING:

GOAL: 80% blood pressure control

Today: 68% blood pressure control

Solution:

Add case manager(s)



Assign them a role



THIS LEAVES A LOT OF QUESTIONS

Why is this problem is happening?

Was this question answered?

What are the solution options? Was this question answered?

- What is the best solution?
 - Will our proposed solution work?
 - What value will it produce?

– How much does our proposed solution cost?

Were these questions answered?

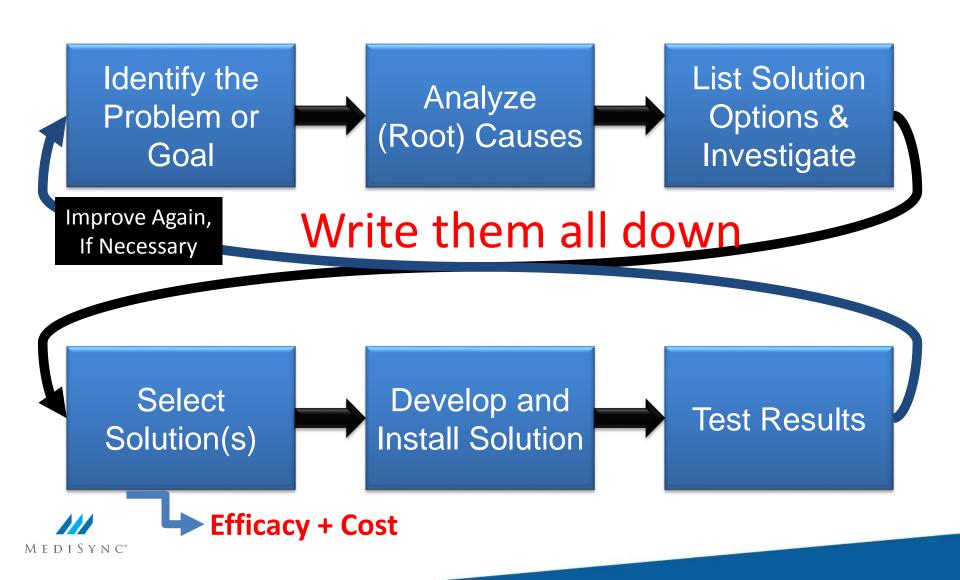


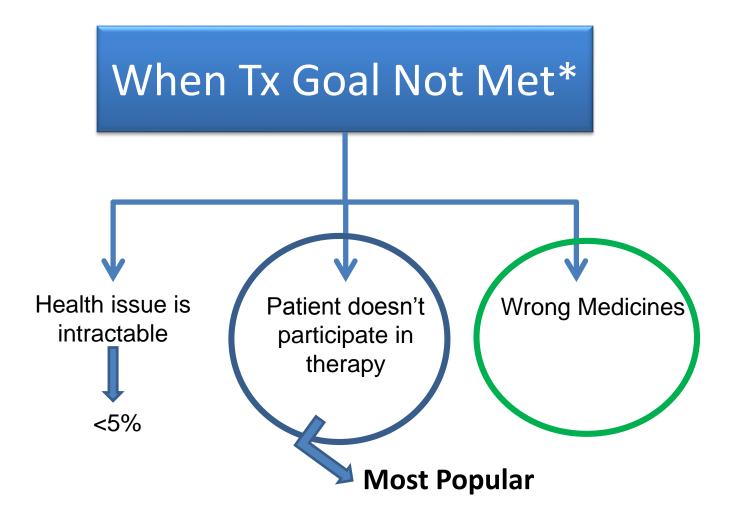
FOUR COMMON SOLUTIONS TO BLOOD PRESSURE

Pop-ups and Reminders	Hire Case/Care Managers	Hire PharmDs	Link Physician Pay to Outcomes	
What is the Problem Each Solves?				
	Assigned to review charts			
Doctors forget or	Doctors forget or overlook	Doctors need	Doctors not trying	
overlook	Assigned to encourage	help selecting right medications	hard enough	
	patient compliance			
	Patients don't take medications as prescribed			



HOW WE LIKE TO DO IT





*Patient does not achieve the target or goal (i.e. blood pressure, LDL or A1c – too high)



PHYSICIAN / APP "WORK"

- Determine the optimal 1(2, 3, 4) or (rarely) 5
 "step" meds progression to reduce BP to
 <130/80 at a minimum
 - Prefer to treat to 120/80 when possible



THE "GO TO" LIST

- How do you treat HTN?
- What is on your "go to" Rx list?
- How many "go to" drugs, total?



THESE ARE THE DRUG CLASSES WE REGULARLY USE

Thiazides

ACE/ARB

ACE/HCTZ or ARB/HCTZ

CCB Dihydropyridines

CCB –Non-Dihydropyridines

Vasodilators

Aldosterone Blocker

Beta1 Blockers

beta1+2 Blocker

 α 1+ β 1+2 Blocker

Central α-Agonist

Peripheral α-Blocker

Loop Diuretics



GOALS FOR HYPERTENSION TREATMENT

- 1. Get patients with HTN diagnosis to goal*
- 2. As quickly as possible (fewer visits to goal)
- Provider feels empowered and confident about Rx
 - NOT an "educated guess" or shot in the dark
- 4. Patients take medications
- 5. Your % of patients to BP goal is really high
 - For us 90+%



THE PROBLEM WITH BP IS THAT IT DOESN'T TELL ME ENOUGH

- Patient diagnosed with HTN is in Exam 2
- BP is 168/90 after two BP readings
- You've previously prescribed 10 mg of Lisinopril for a BP of 174/100
- Question: What would you do today?
- Why?

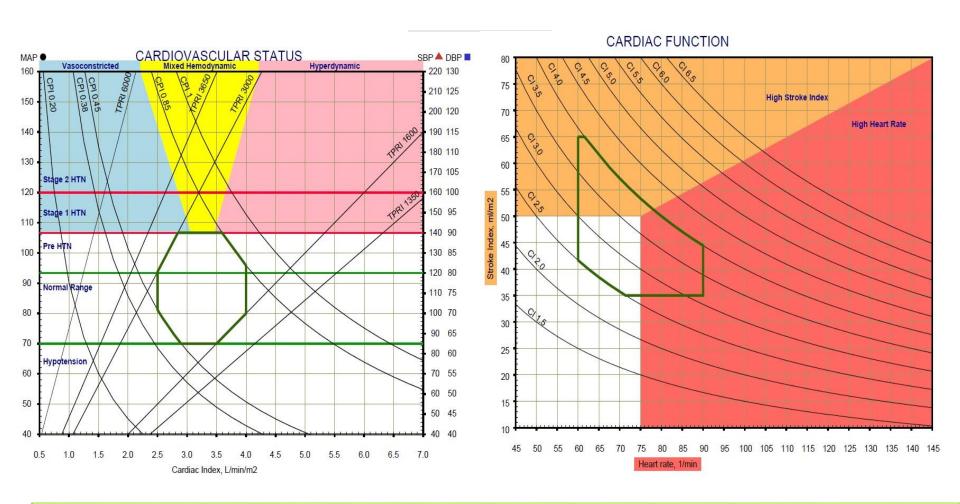


ABOUT ICG

- FDA approved
- Non-invasive. Creates measures similar to SWAN-GANZ
 - Vasoconstriction; contractility; rate and fluid status
- Some implantables -- including Cardio MEMS provide same data but cost \$25K (i.e. St. Jude Medical/ABBOTT)
- Our clinical experience since 2004 is that it tells us what is going on in the HTN and HF
- Articles supporting use if interested



ICG RESULTS



Evaluate Total Body Water at All Times

WHY IS BP TOO HIGH? WHAT RX WOULD WORK?

Vasoconstriction

Narrowing of the vessels (too tight)

High Heart Rate

Increased beats per min (too fast)

Contractility

Force of each heart beat (too strong)

Fluid

Excessive intravascular fluid (as opposed to extravascular fluid)

Mixed Hemodynamic

Some combination of the above factors



MATCHING HEMODYNAMICS TO MEDS SELECTION

Vasodilation: ACE/ARB, CCB Dihydropyridines, Vasodilators, Thiazide Diuretics

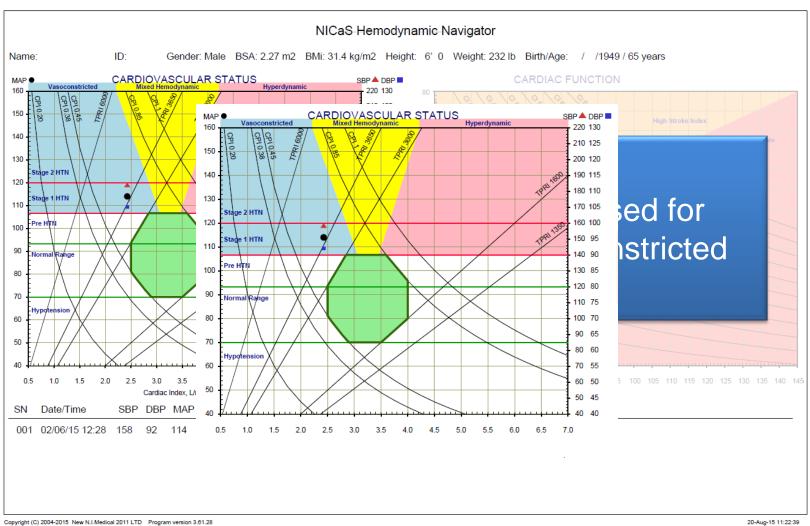
Heart Rate: Beta Blockers, CCB Non-Dihydropyridines, Central Alpha Agonists

Contractility: Beta Blockers, CCB Non-Dihydropyridines, Central Alpha Agonists

Mixed Vaso & Hyperdynamic: Vasodilating Beta blockers; CCB Non-Dyhydropyridines

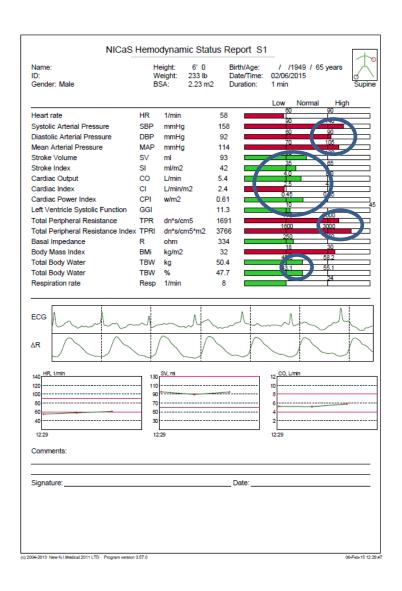
Fluid status: Loop diuretics

VASOCONSTRICTED



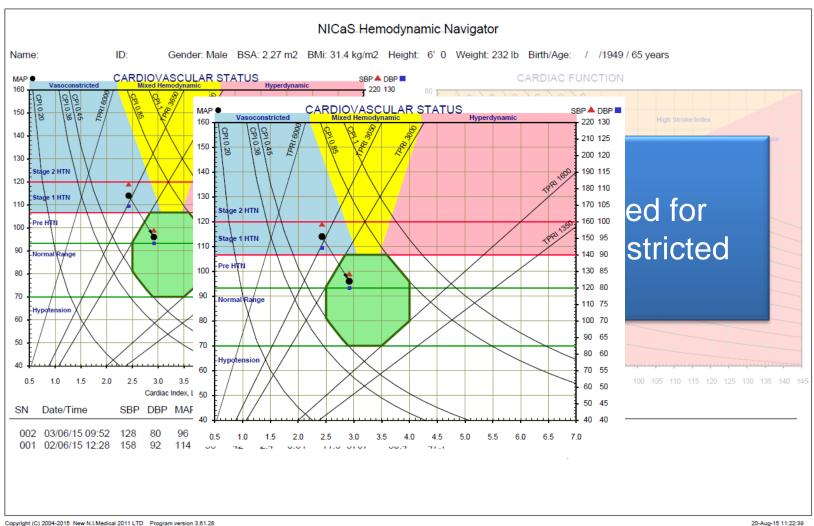


VASOCONSTRICTED





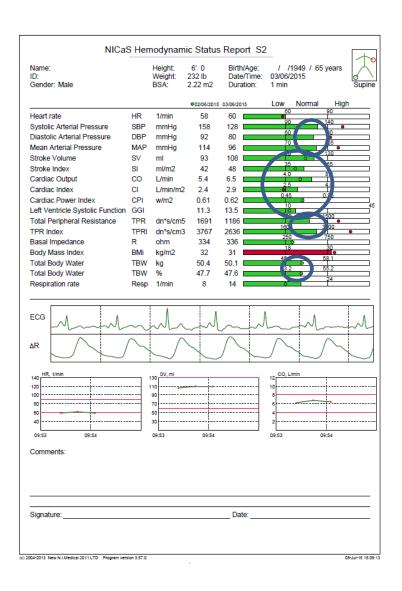
VASOCONSTRICTED – 1 MONTH FU





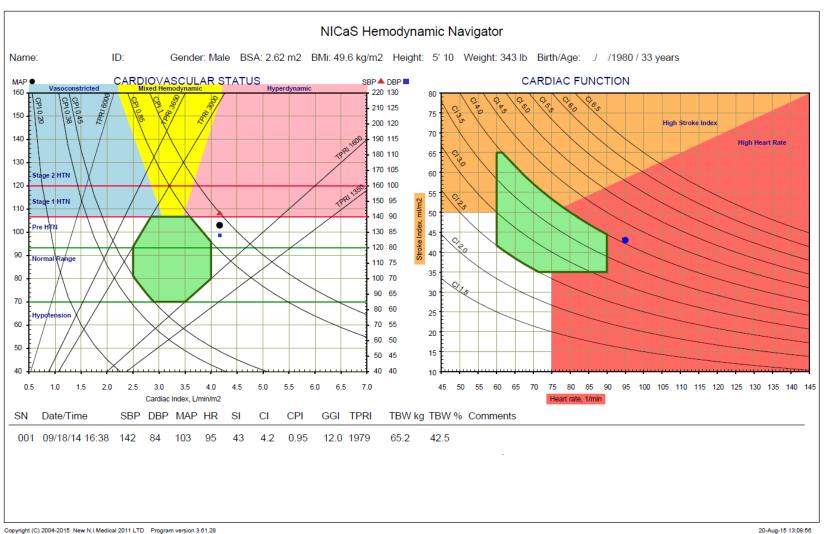
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VASOCONSTRICTED – 1 MONTH FU





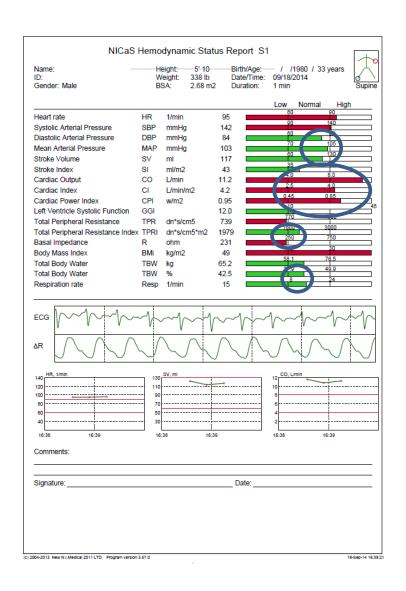
HYPERDYNAMIC





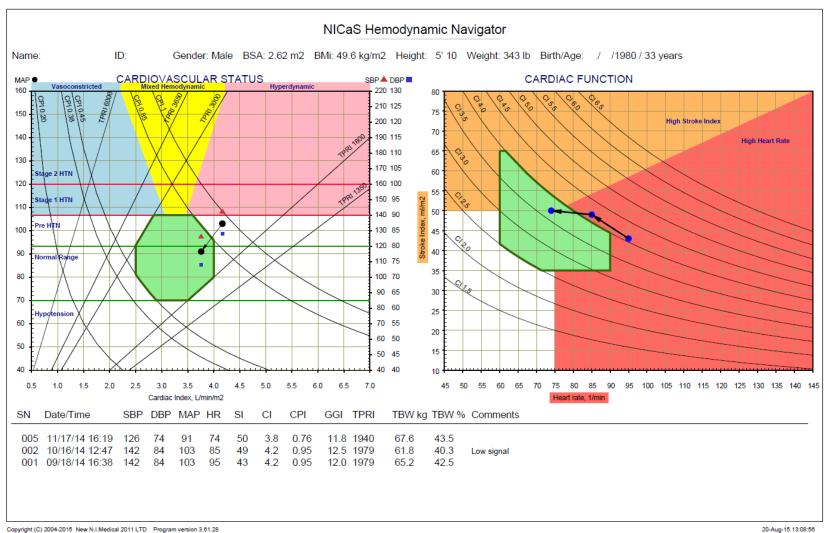
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HYPERDYNAMIC



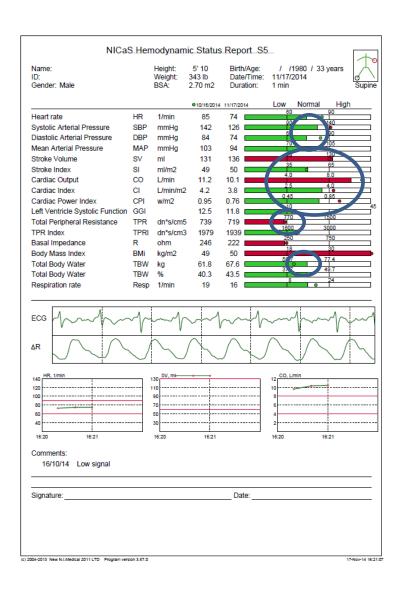


HYPERDYNAMIC – 1 MONTH FU



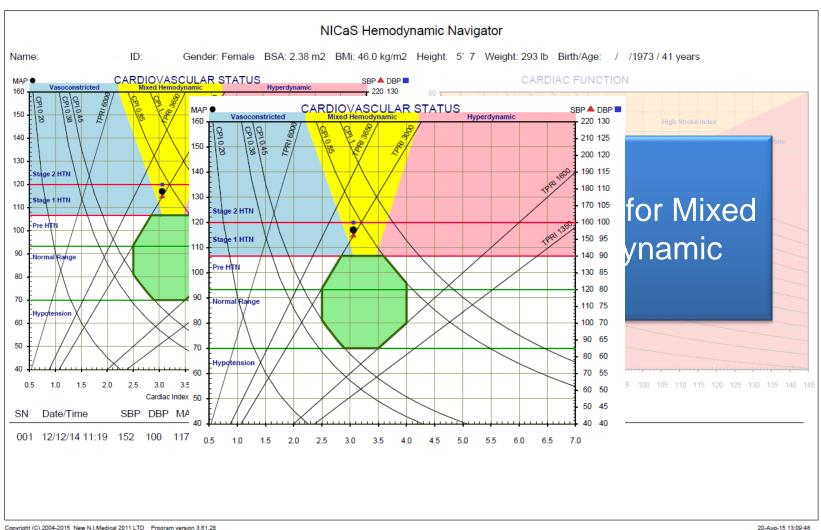


HYPERDYNAMIC – 1 MONTH FU





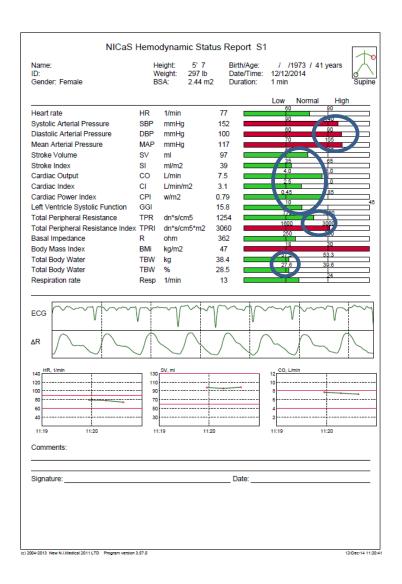
MIXED VASO-HEMODYNAMIC



M F D I S Y N C°

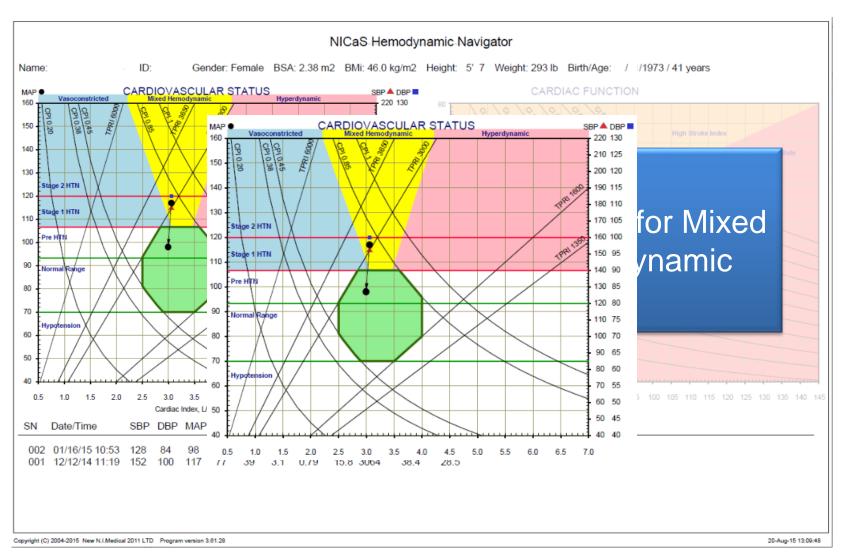
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MIXED VASO-HYPERDYNAMIC



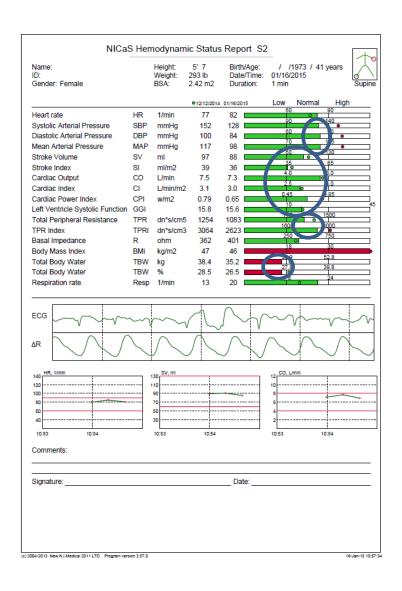


MIXED VASO-HYPERDYNAMIC 1 MO FU





MIXED VASO-HYPERDYNAMIC 1 MO FU





ARE HEMODYNAMICS ALL THAT MATTERS?

- What about demographics?
 - Age

M F D I S Y N C'

- African American
- What about co-morbidities?
 - DM, prior MI, CKD/GFR, etc.
- What about related conditions?
 - Kalemia, calcemia, etc.

VARIABLES IN HTN THERAPY

Demographics: Age (<or>60) / Race: African Gene

- Prior history of MI
- Prior history stroke/TIA
- Heart Failure
- CKD GFR<30
- CKD GFR>30
- Albuminuria/proteinuria

- DM/Pre-diabetes
- Obesity (BMI>30)
- Possible pregnancy
- Hypercalcemia
- Hyperkalemia
- Hypokalemia



VASOCONSTRICTED PATIENTS CHANGES IN MEDS ORDER

Non-black; Age <60

HCT + ACE/ARB → CCB-Dihydropyridines → Vasodilators

Non-black; Age >60

CCB-Dihydropyridines → HCT + ACE/ARB → Vasodilators

Black

CCB-Dihydropyridines → HCT + ACE/ARB → Vasodilators



HYPERTENSION HEMODYNAMIC TREATMENT GUIDE

ACEI ARB CKD GFR >40

ACEI ARB CKD GFR <40

AKB

Thiazide Diuretic CCB Dihydropyridine

CCB Dihydropyridine

Vasodilators

Consider Decreasing Beta Blockers

Thiazide Diuretic Vasodilators

Consider Decreasing Beta Blockers



SUMMARY

- Question the assumption that "docs can figure out the meds" without assistance
- Is there an equally effective, less expensive way to get meds right than PharmDs?
- Patient engagement IS important...
 - Patients benefit from other ways to describe their condition and the rationale for treatment
- In HTN "care/case management" offers relatively little value at a high cost
 - We use for outreach to patients who discontinue care
 - We get benefit of patient participation without them





Q&A

BOBMATTHEWS@MEDISYNC.COM

JUNE 2018 MONTHLY WEBINAR

- Date/Time: Thursday, July 19, 2-3pm Eastern
- Topic: Shared Medical Appointments for Diabetes Care
- Presenter: Marianne Sumego, M.D. of Cleveland Clinic





QUESTIONS?

